## Impacts of <u>equal</u> vulnerability in the draft order

California Rice Commission
Sacramento Valley Water Quality Coalition
Westside San Joaquin River Watershed Coalition

#### Key points

- Treats all area and crops as having same potential to impact ground water quality
- Fails to allow for the recognition of developed data showing current practices do not impact ground water quality
- Fails to recognize crop stability

#### CA Rice - Low Potential

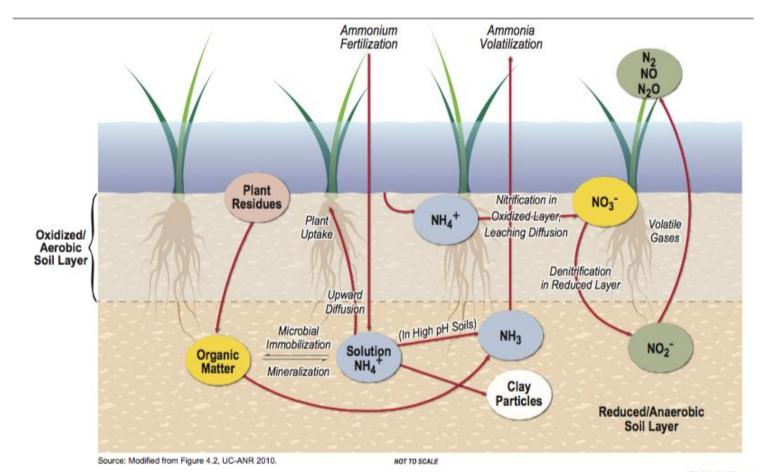


FIGURE 2-3 Nitrogen Transformations in Flooded Soils Rice-Specific Groundwater Assessment Report

#### CA Rice – Developed Data

Final

#### Rice-Specific

#### **Groundwater Assessment Report**

Prepared for

Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board

On Behalf of

California Rice Commission

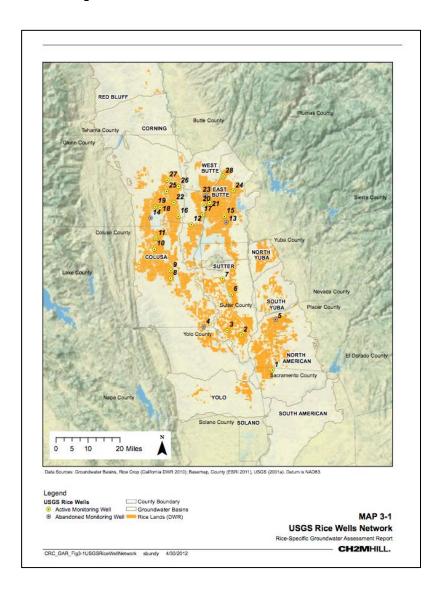
July 2013

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## **CA Rice - Crop Stability**



### Impacts of = vulnerability

- Elimination of differential vulnerabilities translates into:
  - Annual submission of the farm evaluation
  - Addition of certified irrigation management plan
  - Addition of a certified nutrient management plan
  - Annual submission of nutrient management plan summary data

#### Recommendation

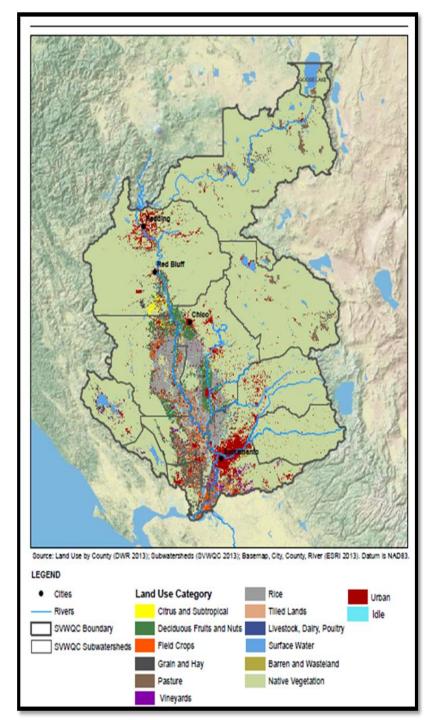
- Recommendation for areas with:
  - Low potential to impact GW quality
  - Demonstrate GW quality not impacted
  - Stable cropping pattern
- Current WDRs protective of GW quality
- If additional requirements:
  - 3 year CE for specific crop/regional GW BMP's

## Regional Agricultural and Aquifer Characteristic

Bruce Houdesheldt

Sacramento Valley Water Quality Coalition









## Westside San Joaquin River Watershed Coalition

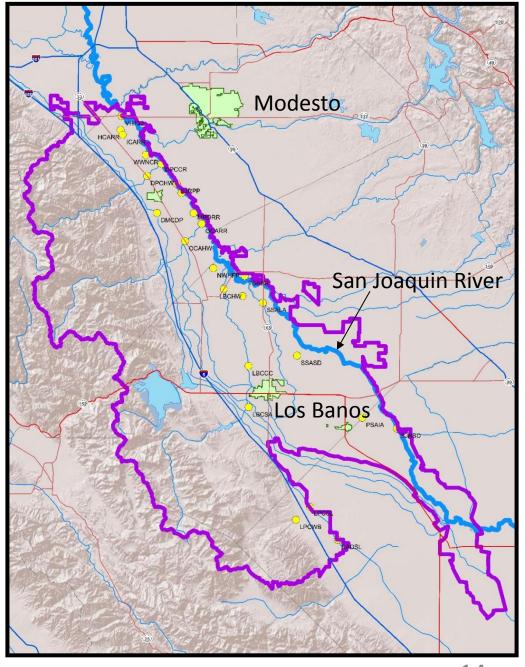
# Comments to State Water Resources Control Board on proposed changes to Eastside Order

Joseph C. McGahan

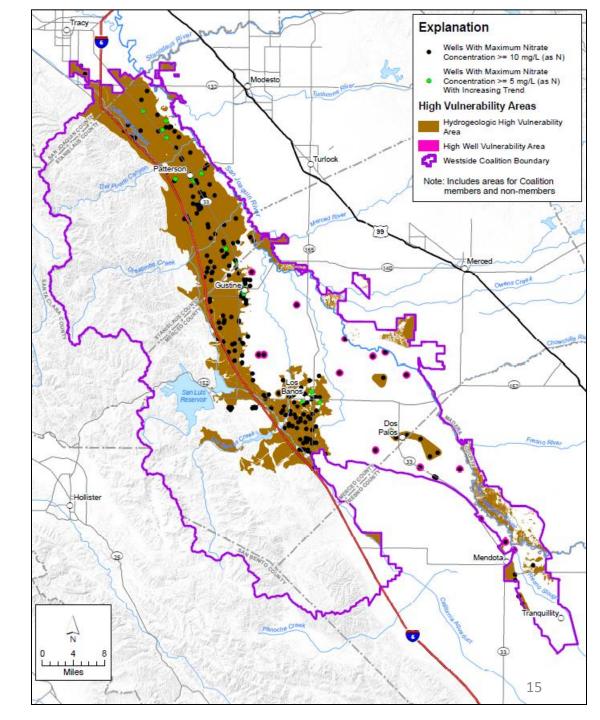
Watershed Coordinator

# Westside San Joaquin River Watershed Coalition

Boundary Map with Monitoring Locations



High
Vulnerability
Area with the
Potential to
Discharge
Nitrates to
Groundwater



- Current Groundwater High Vulnerability 49% based on groundwater assessment report
- Vulnerability distinctions allow growers, the Coalition and the Regional Board to focus on important water quality issues
- Elimination of vulnerability distinctions dilutes efforts to address water quality problems
- The current order allows the Regional Board to modify lower priority area requirements later as necessary
- <u>Recommendation</u>: Keep the current vulnerability designations

- Growers are already submitting FEP and NMP Summary Reports
- Growers are getting used to the reporting and record keeping requirements
- Our Coalition spends considerable time overcoming fear and frustration with current requirements
- Changing program now discredits the efforts of the Westside Coalition
- <u>Recommendation</u>: Let the current program continue for 3-5 year period and ask the Regional Board to reassess at that time

#### Conclusion

- Not all crops, regions, ground water basins have equal risk
- Benefit to State Board, Regional Boards and dischargers to recognize and chart path forward